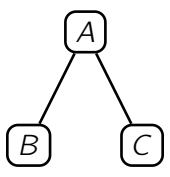
Binary Search Trees

Reset Progress Reveal Solutions

1 Definitions

Suppose that the nodes A, B, C in a binary search tree are arranged as follows.

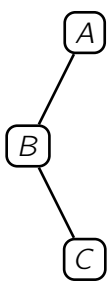


Which of the following describes the relationship between A, B, C?

- ○ $A \leq B, C$
- ○ $A \geq B, C$
- ○ $A \leq B \leq C$
- ● $B \leq A \leq C$

Correct

Now suppose that nodes A, B, C are arranged as follows in the binary search tree.



What is the relationship between A, B, C?

- ○ $B \leq A \leq C$
- ● $B \leq C \leq A$
- ○ $C \leq B \leq A$
- ○ $C \leq A \leq B$

Correct

If two different binary search trees contain the same set of values, which of the following is common between them?

- ○ Their pre-order traversals.
- ● Their in-order traversals.
- ○ Their post-order traversals.
- ○ Their root nodes.

Correct

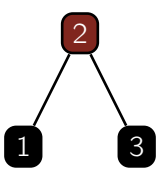
Which of the following describes the height of a binary search tree on n nodes?

- ○ $O(\log n)$
- ● $\Omega(\log n)$
- ○ $\Theta(\log n)$
- ○ All of the above.

Correct

2 Red-Black Trees

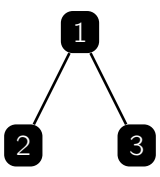
Is the following a valid red-black tree? We are not drawing the implicit NIL nodes.



- ○ Yes
- ● No

Correct

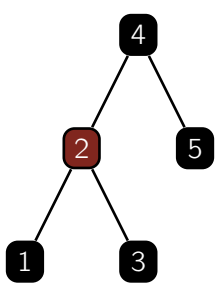
Is the following a valid red-black tree?



- ○ Yes
- ● No

Correct

Is the following a valid red-black tree?



- ● Yes
- ○ No

Correct

Which of the following describes the height of a red-black tree on n nodes?

- ○ $O(\log n)$
- ○ $\Omega(\log n)$
- ○ $\Theta(\log n)$
- ● All of the above.

Correct

If the length of a path from the root of a red-black tree to one of the leaf NIL nodes is 100, what could be the length of another path from the root to some other NIL node?

- ○ 45
- ● 180
- ○ 30
- ○ All of the above.

Correct

Suppose that r is the root of a red-black tree on n nodes. Assume all nodes have distinct values. If we sort the values stored in the tree to get $x_1 < x_2 < \cdots < x_n$, and find the index i where $r = x_i$, what can be said about i?

- ○ $i \geq \Omega(n)$
- ● $i \geq \Omega(\sqrt{n})$
- ○ $i \leq 0.99n$

Correct

What is the worst-case runtime of operations INSERT/DELETE/SEARCH on a red-black tree storing n nodes?

- ○ $\Theta(n)$
- ○ $\Theta(\sqrt{n})$
- ● $\Theta(\log n)$

Correct